

dental fracture/fissure

usually the result of traumatic injury. Causes great discomfort, unwillingness to close the jaw or chew; often the mouth sags open and saliva is allowed to drool.

dental hoe

an instrument commonly used in veterinary dentistry. It has a broad end with a beveled edge. Called also dental chisel.

dental impaction

failure of teeth to erupt out of the alveolar bone or through the gum.

dental interlock

the deciduous upper canine teeth erupt rostral to the lower canine teeth, thereby locking the mandible from further forward growth.

dental irregular wear see wave mouth

dental lamina

in the embryonic oral mucosa dental lamina form as local thickenings of the epithelium; they invaginate to form dental buds, later the enamel organ. See also dental bud.

dental luxation

includes loosening of teeth through to complete avulsion.

dental malocclusion

see malocclusion dental mirror

a small round mirror set at an angle on one end of a handle, used in dental examinations to reflect images from intraoral surfaces

dental numbering systems

ntal notation, fédération dentaire internationale system, triadan system. see palmer

dental occlusion

see occlusion (2)

dental pad

the thick layer of connective tissue that replaces the upper incisor teeth in the ruminant; a rostral projection of the hard palate

dental papillary mesenchyme

the tissue which converts the dental cap stage of the growing tooth to the bell stage by covering it with enamel.

dental pellicle

a thin, acellular membrane of salivary proteins adsorbed to the enamel or cementum.

dental plaque

a dense mass of bacteria in an intercellular matrix, adhering to the surface of the tooth. It is important in that it initiates caries and periodontitis. A precursor of calculus. See also bacterial <u>plaque</u>.

dental pulp

the sensitive content of the cavity of the tooth carrying its nerve and blood supply.

dental records contain the history of dental treatment given, generally recorded on diagrams or charts of the mouth,

showing position of individual teeth, gingiva and occlusion.

dental resorption

may occur if the tooth pulp is traumatized, by osteoclastic action inside the tooth or outside, in the alveolar bone.

dental sac

the remains of the dental follicle at the apex of immature teeth.

dental star

the mark on the occlusal surface of a tooth, especially horse incisors, which is caused by the appearance of secondary dentine, contributed by the pulp cavity, as the tooth wears

dental tartar

see dental calculus (above)



Dental star. By permission from Sack W, WensingCJG, Dyce KM, Textbook of Veterinary 유 Anatomy, Saunders, 2002

formula

pl. formulae, formulas [L.] an expression, using numbers or symbols, of the composition of, or of directions for preparing, a compound, such as a medicine, or of a procedure to follow to obtain a desired result, or of a single concept

chemical formula

a combination of symbols used to express the chemical components of a substance.

dental formula

see dental formula empirical formula

a chemical formula that expresses the proportions of the elements present in a substance.

gait formula

- sets out the times that the feet are individually in contact with the ground while the animal is moving. molecular formula
 - a chemical formula expressing the number of atoms of each element present in a substance, without indicating how they are linked.

spatial formula, stereochemical formula

a chemical formula giving the numbers of atoms of each element present in a molecule of a substance, which atom is linked to which, the types of linkages involved, and the relative positions of the atoms in space.

structural formula

a chemical formula showing the spatial arrangement of the atoms and the linkage of every atom.

vertebral formula

sets out the number of vertebrae in each of the sections of the spinal column.

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den tal for mu la

a statement in tabular form of the number of each kind of teeth in the jaw; the dental formula for humans is, for the deciduous teeth:

i. $\frac{2-2}{2-2}$, c. $\frac{1-1}{1-1}$, m. $\frac{2-2}{2-2} = 20$

for the permanent teeth

i. $\frac{2-2}{2-2}$, c. $\frac{1-1}{1-1}$, bic. $\frac{2-2}{2-2}$, m. $\frac{3-3}{3-3}$ = 32

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den·tal for·mu·la (den'tăl form'yū-lă)

A statement in tabular form of the number of each kind of teeth in the jaw. Medical Dictionary for the Health Professions and Nursing © Farlex 2012

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Dental Abbreviations, Symbols and Acronyms



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	1
asap	as soon as possible
asst	assistant; dental assistant
asst	assorted
atr	atrophy
att	attachment
attr	attrition
atyp	atypical
Au	gold
ausc	auscultation
aux	auxilliary
av	avulsion
AVC	Active Vertical Corrector treatment
ave	average
aver	average
avg	average
aw	arch wire
aw adj	archwire adjustment
AZT	Azidothymidine
	В
В	buccal
b/u	build up
BA	broken appointment
bb	bad breath
BBTD	Baby Bottle Tooth Decay
bbti	bisque bake try in
BC	bone crest
BD	bony defect
BD	base of defect
BD	buccal distal
BDF - H	bony defect fill - horizontal
BDF - V	bony defect fill - vertical
bf	bone fragment
bg	bone graft
BGW	bigonial width
bi	bicuspid
BI	biologic indicators
bid	twice a day

BII	bridge supported by two implants	
	bridge supported by two implants	
bil	bilateral	
bis-gma	bisphenol-a-glycidyl methacrylate	
bkt	bracket	
BL	bone loss	
bldup	build up	
BMS	Burning Mouth Syndrome	
bn	bon(e) (y)	
BOP	bleeding on probing	
bp	blood pressure	
BR	by report	
br	bridge	
br	fixed partial denture	
br bx	brush biopsy	
brdg	bridge	
brdg	fixed partial denture	
brk	bracket	
BRM	Biological Response Modifier	
brux	brux(er) (ism)	
BSSO	Bilateral Sagittal Split Osteotomy	
BTI	bleeding time index	
bu	build up	
buc	buccal	
BUN	Blood Urea Nitrogen level	
bw	bitewing x-ray	
bwx	bite wing x-ray	
bwxr	bite wing x-ray	
bx	biopsy	
C		
-	with	
с С	with coarse	
C&B	crown and bridge	
C&S	culture and sensitivity	
C/	complete upper denture	
/C	complete lower denture	
c/o	complaining of	
са	approximately	
са	circa	
2.4	Contract of Contra	