



**INDICATIONS and IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

**INDICATIONS**

NUZYRA™ is a tetracycline class antibacterial indicated for the treatment of adult patients with the following infections caused by susceptible microorganisms:

**Community-Acquired Bacterial Pneumonia (CABP) caused by the following:**

*Streptococcus pneumoniae*, *Staphylococcus aureus* (methicillin-susceptible isolates), *Haemophilus influenzae*, *Haemophilus parainfluenzae*, *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, *Legionella pneumophila*, *Mycoplasma pneumoniae*, and *Chlamydia pneumoniae*.

**Acute Bacterial Skin and Skin Structure Infections (ABSSSI) caused by the following:**

*Staphylococcus aureus* (methicillin-susceptible and -resistant isolates), *Staphylococcus lugdunensis*, *Streptococcus pyogenes*, *Streptococcus anginosus* grp. (includes *S. anginosus*, *S. intermedius*, and *S. constellatus*), *Enterococcus faecalis*, *Enterobacter cloacae*, and *Klebsiella pneumoniae*.

**USAGE**

To reduce the development of drug-resistant bacteria and maintain the effectiveness of NUZYRA and other antibacterial drugs, NUZYRA should be used only to treat or prevent infections that are proven or strongly suspected to be caused by susceptible bacteria.

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

**CONTRAINDICATIONS**

NUZYRA is contraindicated in patients with known hypersensitivity to omadacycline or tetracycline class antibacterial drugs, or to any of the excipients.

**WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS**

Mortality imbalance was observed in the CABP clinical trial with eight deaths (2%) occurring in patients treated with NUZYRA compared to four deaths (1%) in patients treated with moxifloxacin. The cause of the mortality imbalance has not been established. All deaths, in both treatment arms, occurred in patients > 65 years of age; most patients had multiple comorbidities. The causes of death varied and included worsening and/or complications of infection and underlying conditions. Closely monitor clinical response to therapy in CABP patients, particularly in those at higher risk for mortality.

The use of NUZYRA during tooth development (last half of pregnancy, infancy and childhood to the age of 8 years) may cause permanent discoloration of the teeth (yellow-gray-brown) and enamel hypoplasia.

The use of NUZYRA during the second and third trimester of pregnancy, infancy and childhood up to the age of 8 years may cause reversible inhibition of bone growth.

Hypersensitivity reactions have been reported with NUZYRA. Life-threatening hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions have been reported with other tetracycline-class antibacterial drugs. NUZYRA is structurally similar to other tetracycline-class antibacterial drugs and is contraindicated in patients with known hypersensitivity to tetracycline-class antibacterial drugs. Discontinue NUZYRA if an allergic reaction occurs.

*Clostridium difficile* associated diarrhea (CDAD) has been reported with use of nearly all antibacterial agents and may range in severity from mild diarrhea to fatal colitis. Evaluate if diarrhea occurs.

NUZYRA is structurally similar to tetracycline-class of antibacterial drugs and may have similar adverse reactions. Adverse reactions including photosensitivity, pseudotumor cerebri, and anti-anabolic action which has led to increased BUN, azotemia, acidosis, hyperphosphatemia, pancreatitis, and abnormal liver function tests, have been reported for other tetracycline-class antibacterial drugs, and may occur with NUZYRA. Discontinue NUZYRA if any of these adverse reactions are suspected.

Prescribing NUZYRA in the absence of a proven or strongly suspected bacterial infection is unlikely to provide benefit to the patient and increases the risk of the development of drug-resistant bacteria.

### ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most common adverse reactions (incidence  $\geq 2\%$ ) are nausea, vomiting, infusion site reactions, alanine aminotransferase increased, aspartate aminotransferase increased, gamma-glutamyl transferase increased, hypertension, headache, diarrhea, insomnia, and constipation.

### DRUG INTERACTIONS

Patients who are on anticoagulant therapy may require downward adjustment of their anticoagulant dosage while taking NUZYRA.

Absorption of tetracyclines, including NUZYRA is impaired by antacids containing aluminum, calcium, or magnesium, bismuth subsalicylate and iron containing preparations.

### USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

Lactation: Breastfeeding is not recommended during treatment with NUZYRA.

**To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Paratek Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at [1-833-727-2835](tel:1-833-727-2835) or FDA at [1-800-FDA-1088](tel:1-800-FDA-1088) or [www.fda.gov/medwatch](http://www.fda.gov/medwatch).**

Please see [Full Prescribing Information](#) for NUZYRA.



This site is intended for healthcare professionals inside of the US.

© 2019 Paratek Pharmaceuticals, Inc. All rights reserved.  
PARATEK® and the Hexagon Logo are registered trademarks of Paratek Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  
NUZYRA and its design logo are trademarks of Paratek Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

For medical inquiries or to report an adverse event, or product quality complaint, please contact Paratek Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-833-PARATEK (1-833-727-2835) or [www.paratekpharma.com/contact-us/medical-inquiries](http://www.paratekpharma.com/contact-us/medical-inquiries).

Use of this website is subject to our [Terms of Use](#).

[Privacy Policy](#) [Terms of Use](#) [Contact](#) [Site Map](#)

US-NUA-0144 04/19